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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

Alice Peck Elementary School 35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, Connecticut

PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

470 Murdock Avenue • Meriden, Connecticut 06450 203 238-4846 • facsimile (203) 238-4243

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Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Alice Peck Elementary School at 35 Hillfield Road in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 27 to February 29, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Eight (8) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

1

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

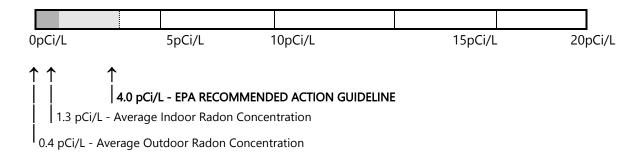
Alice Pe	ck Elemer	ntary School

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS151	1 st Floor	Room 15 **	< 0.5
R2	RAS152	1 st Floor	Room 15	0.80
R3	RAS153	1 st Floor	Gym (Back)	< 0.5
R4	RAS154	1 st Floor	Gym (Front)	0.51
R5	RAS155	1 st Floor	Media Center (Right)	< 0.5
R6	RAS156	1 st Floor	Media Center (Left)	< 0.5
R7	RAD112A	1 st Floor	Room 26*	< 0.5
R8	RAD112B	1 st Floor	Room 26*	< 0.5

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the Alice Peck Learning Center located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

NRSB #6SS0078

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

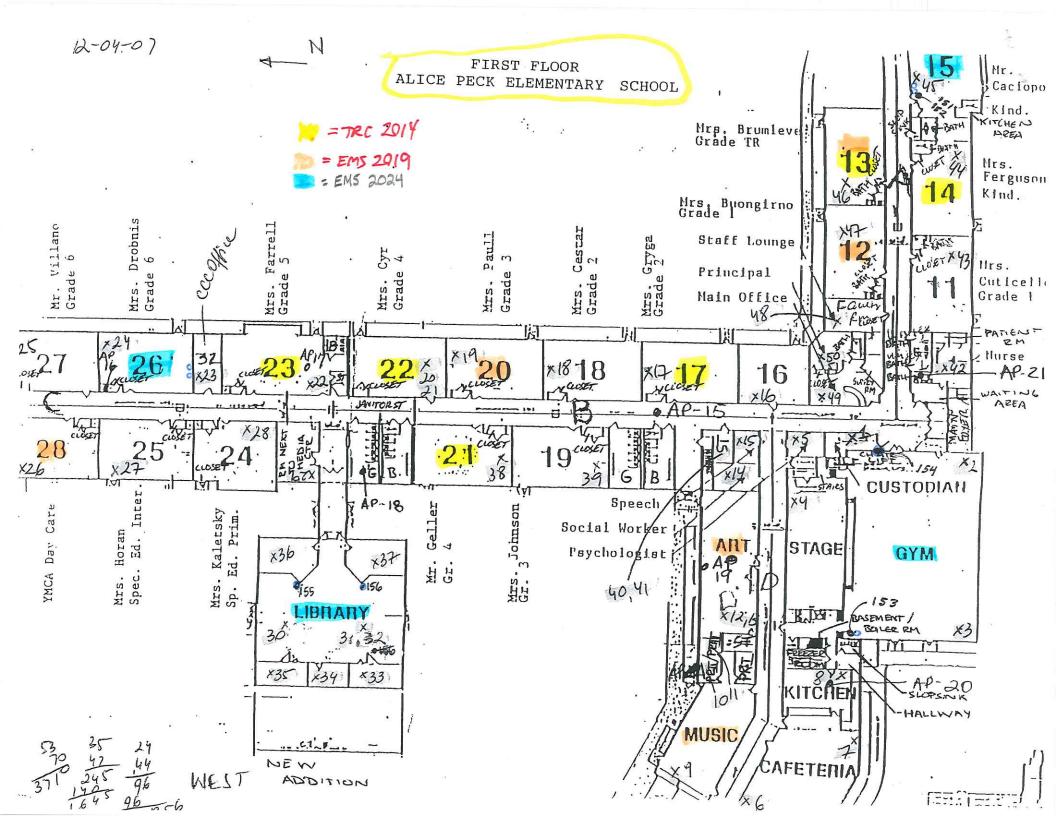
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

RAS151	35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, CT	Alice Peck Elementary Room 15 (Field Blank)	2/27/2024	12:07 PM	2/29/2024	12:41 PM	< 0.5
RAS152	35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, CT	Alice Peck Elementary Room 15	2/27/2024	12:07 PM	2/29/2024	12:41 PM	0.80
RAS153	35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, CT	Alice Peck Elementary Gym (Back)	2/27/2024	12:05 PM	2/29/2024	12:48 PM	< 0.5
RAS154	35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, CT	Alice Peck Elementary Gym (Front)	2/27/2024	12:05 PM	2/29/2024	12:48 PM	0.51
RAS155	35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, CT	Alice Peck Elementary Media Center (Right)	2/27/2024	12:10 PM	2/29/2024	12:46 PM	< 0.5
RAS156	35 Hillfield Rd, Hamden, CT	Alice Peck Elementary Media Center (Left)	2/27/2024	12:10 PM	2/29/2024	12:46 PM	< 0.5

SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

Appendix **B**

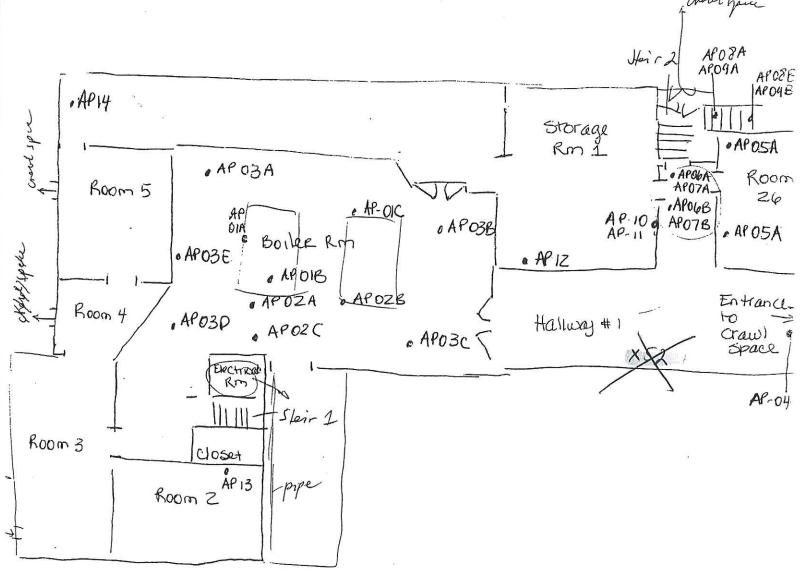
Radon Map Locations

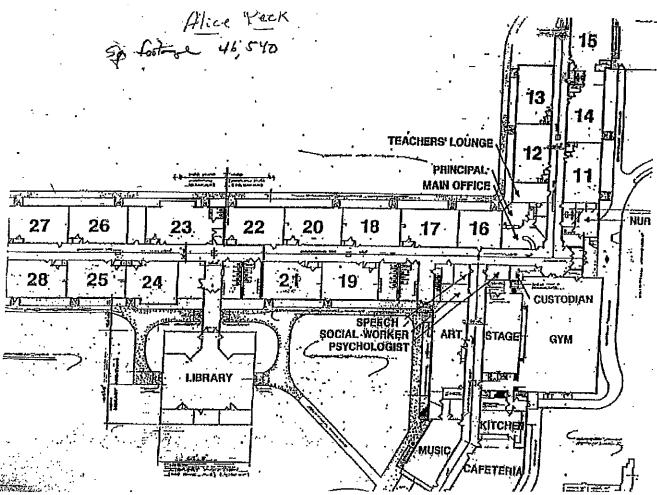


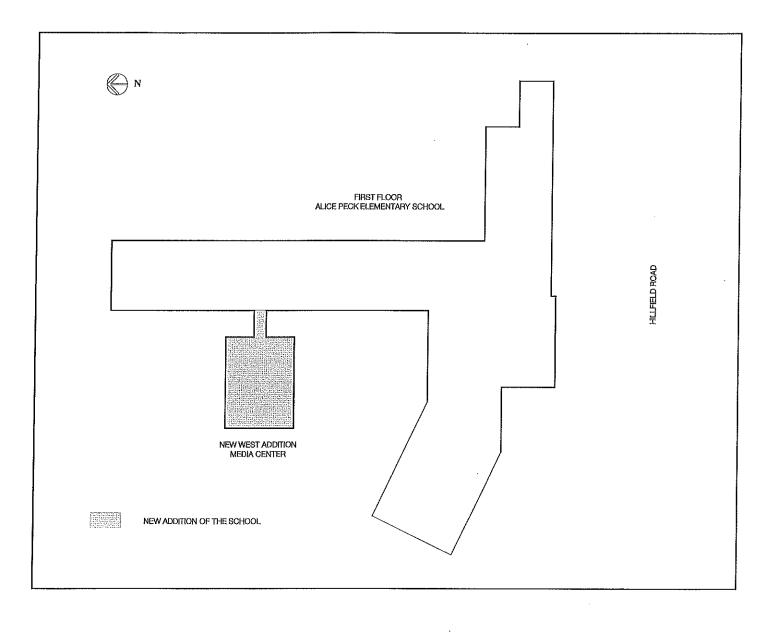
BASEMENT ALICE PECK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

12-04-07

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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Bear Path School 10 Kirk Road Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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II. Radon Facts and Health Risk Information	1
III. Sampling Methodology	1
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V. What Do the Radon Test Results Mean?	3
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Location Map

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Bear Path School at 10 Kirk Road in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 26 to February 28, 2024, by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Eight (8) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

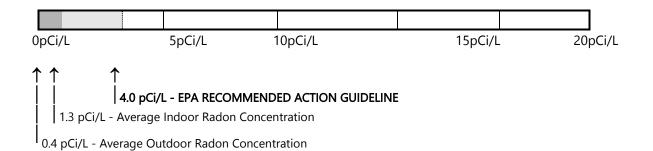
Bear Path School

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS122	1 st Floor	Room 104**	< 0.5
R2	RAS123	1 st Floor	Room 104	0.58
R3	RAS124	1 st Floor	Room 113	0.62
R4	RAS125	1 st Floor	Room 133	1.64
R5	RAS126	1 st Floor	Right Side Media Center	1.6
R6	RAS127	1 st Floor	Left Side Media Center	1.66
R7	RAD106A	1 st Floor	Main Office*	1.28
R8	RAD106B	1 st Floor	Main Office*	1.05

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at Bear Path School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

NRSB #6SS0078

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

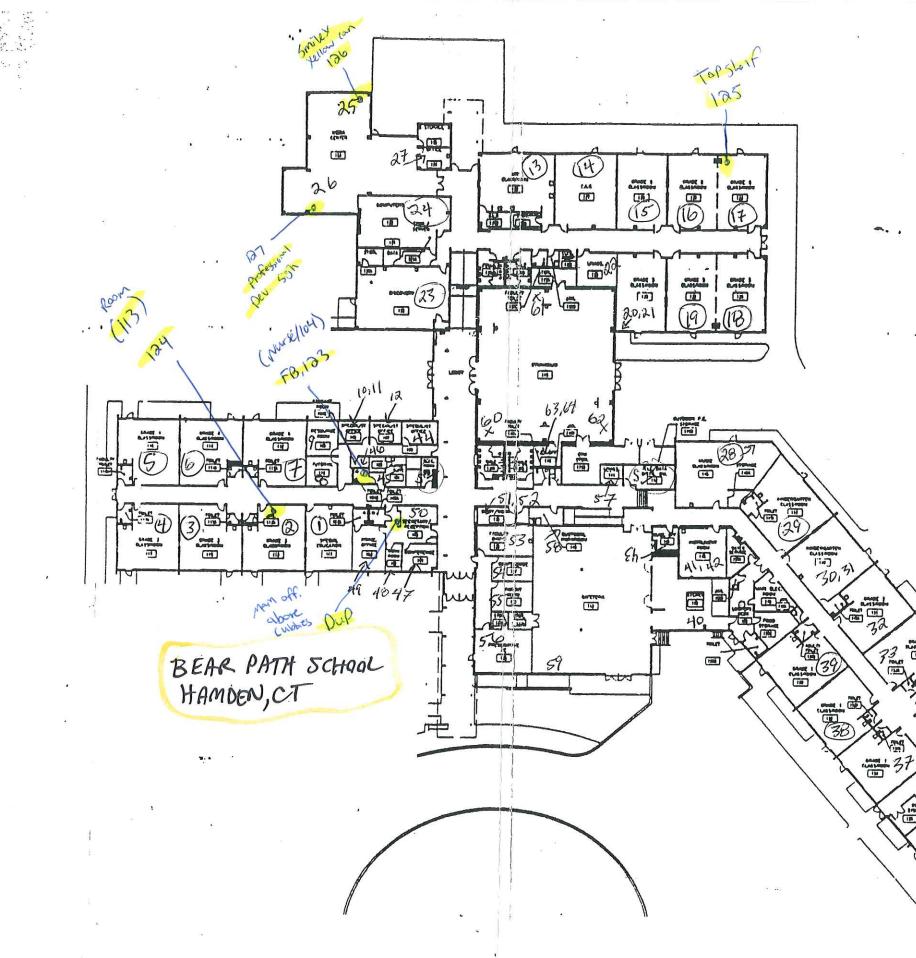
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

RAS122	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Room 104 (Feild Blank)	2/26/2024	2:50 PM	2/28/2024	2:55 PM	< 0.5
RAS123	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Room 104	2/26/2024	2:50 PM	2/28/2024	2:55 PM	0.58
RAS124	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Room 113	2/26/2024	2:55 PM	2/28/2024	3:00 PM	0.62
RAS125	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Room 133	2/26/2024	3:05 PM	2/28/2024	3:10 PM	1.64
RAS126	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Right Side Media Room	2/26/2024	3:10 PM	2/28/2024	3:15 PM	1.6
RAS127	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Left Side Media Room	2/26/2024	3:12 PM	2/28/2024	3:17 PM	1.66
RAD106 A & B	10 Kirk Road, Hamden, CT	Bear Path Elementary School Main Office	2/26/2024	3:20 PM	2/28/2024	3:25 PM	1.28/1.05

SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

Appendix B

Radon Map Location



TRC-2014 Music 145 RM 154 RM 114	EMS-2019 RM 11/ RM 116 RM 122
RM 117 RM 120 RM 129 RM 132	Rm 127 Rm 132 Rm 151 Rn 158
EMS-2 Room la Room Media Main	113
73 miles 73 miles 74 miles 75 miles 74 miles 75 miles 76 miles 77 miles 77 miles 77 miles 77 miles 77 miles 78 mil	

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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Central Administration 60 Putnam Avenue, Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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V. What Do the Radon Test Results Mean?	3
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Central Administration at 60 **Putnam Ave** in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 27 to February 29, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Six (6) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

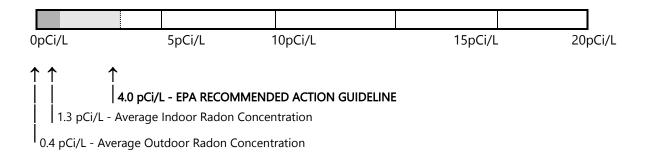
Central Administration

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS139	1 st Floor	Gym (Right Side) **	< 0.5
R2	RAS140	1 st Floor	Gym (Right Side)	2.28
R3	RAS141	1 st Floor	Gym (Left Side)	1.69
R4	RAS142	1 st Floor	Steps Class #1	1.29
R5	RAD107A	1 st Floor	Nurse Office *	1.13
R6	RAD107B	1 st Floor	Nurse Office *	1.10

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater		
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*		
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem		
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem		

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the Central Administration located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the building. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

NRSB #6SS0078

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

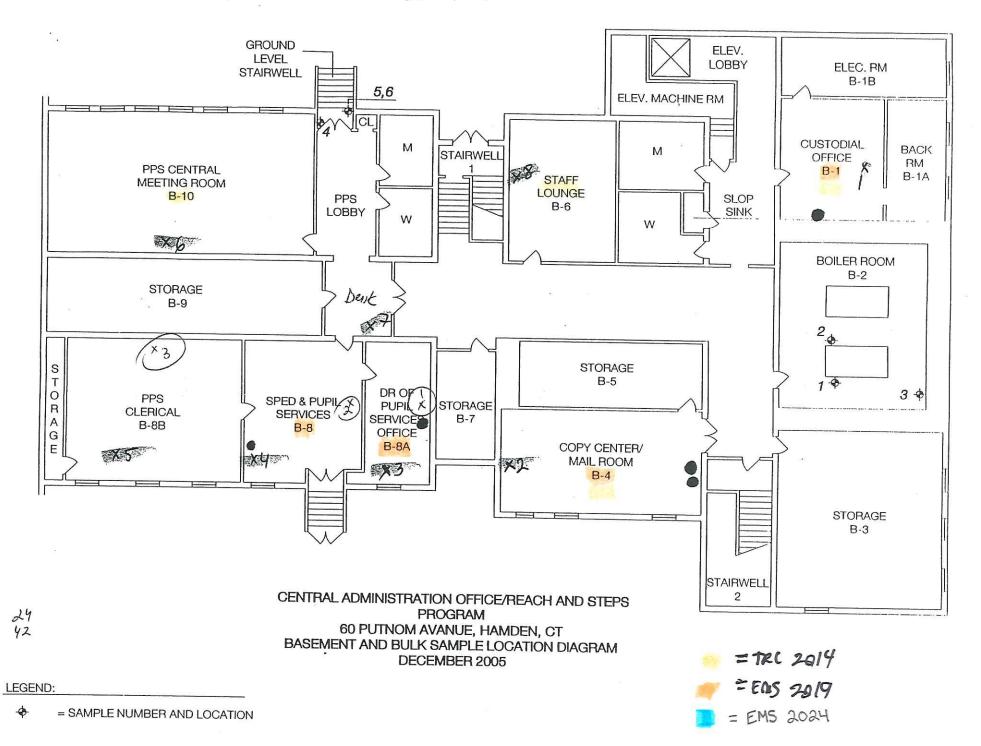
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

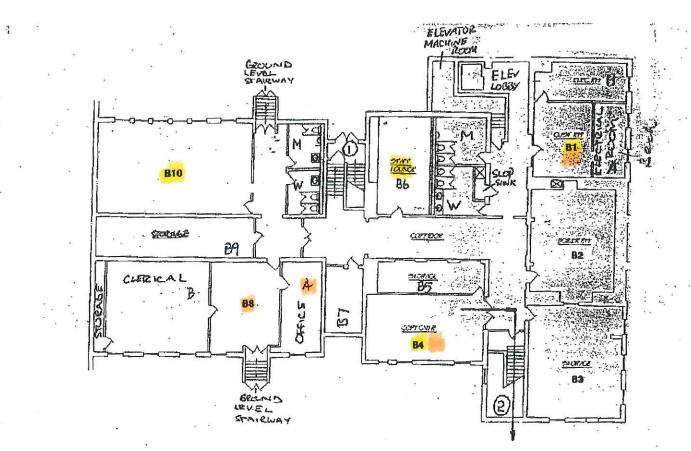
RAS139	60 Putnam Avenue, Hamden CT	Central Admin Right Side Gym (Field Blank)	2/27/2024	9:45 AM	2/29/2024	10:01 AM	< 0.5
RAS140	60 Putnam Avenue, Hamden CT	Central Admin Right Side Gym	2/27/2024	9:45 AM	2/29/2024	10:01 AM	2.28
RAS141	60 Putnam Avenue, Hamden CT	Central Admin Left Side Gym	2/27/2024	9:45 AM	2/29/2024	10:02 AM	1.69
RAS142	60 Putnam Avenue, Hamden CT	Central Admin Steps Class #1	2/27/2024	9:50 AM	2/29/2024	10:02 AM	1.29
RAD108 A & B	60 Putnam Avenue, Hamden CT	Central Admin Nurse's Office	2/27/2024	9:55 AM	2/29/2024	10:04 AM	1.13/1.10

Appendix B

Radon Canister Placement Map

12-04-07



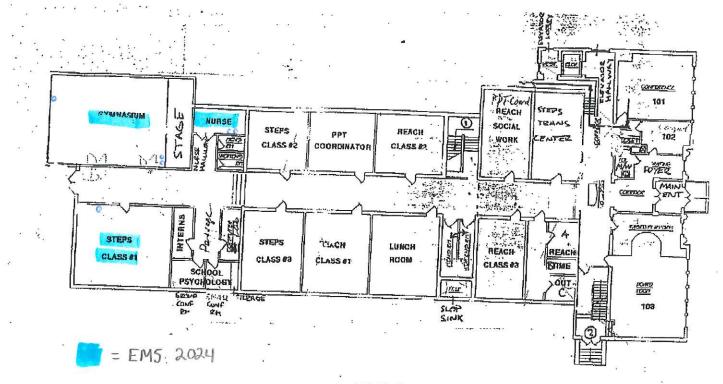


BASEMENT

Psychology TRC 2014

CENTEAL ADMIN OFFICE 60 PUTNAM AVE HAMDEN, CT

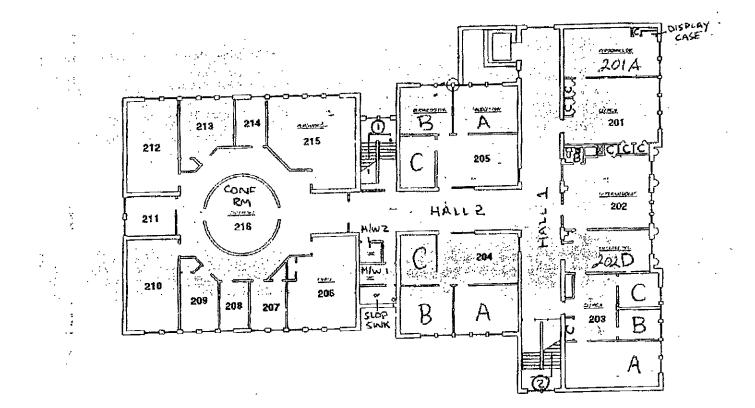
= = TRC 2014 = = ems 2019



FIRST FLOOR

CENTERL ADMIN OFFICE 60 PUTNAM AVE HANDEN, CT

.



SECOND FLOOR

GENTRAL ADMIN OFFICE BORTHAM AVE HAMDEN, CT



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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Church Street School 95 Church Street Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5-year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Church Street School at 95 Church Street in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was conducted from February 26 to February 28, 2024 by National Radon Proficiency Program (NRPP) accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Five (5) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

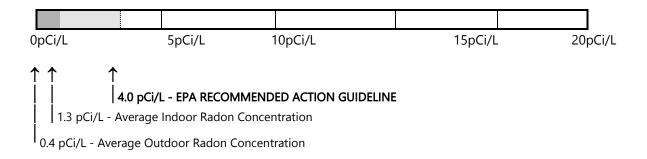
Church Street School

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS109**	1 st Floor	Nurses Office (Field Blank)	< 0.5
R2	RAS110	1 st Floor	Nurses Office	0.57
R3	RAS111	1 st Floor	C-11	0.88
R4	RAD103A*	1 st Floor	Main Office	0.56
R5	RAD103B*	1 st Floor	Main Office	0.57

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at Church Street School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

NRSB #6SS0078

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

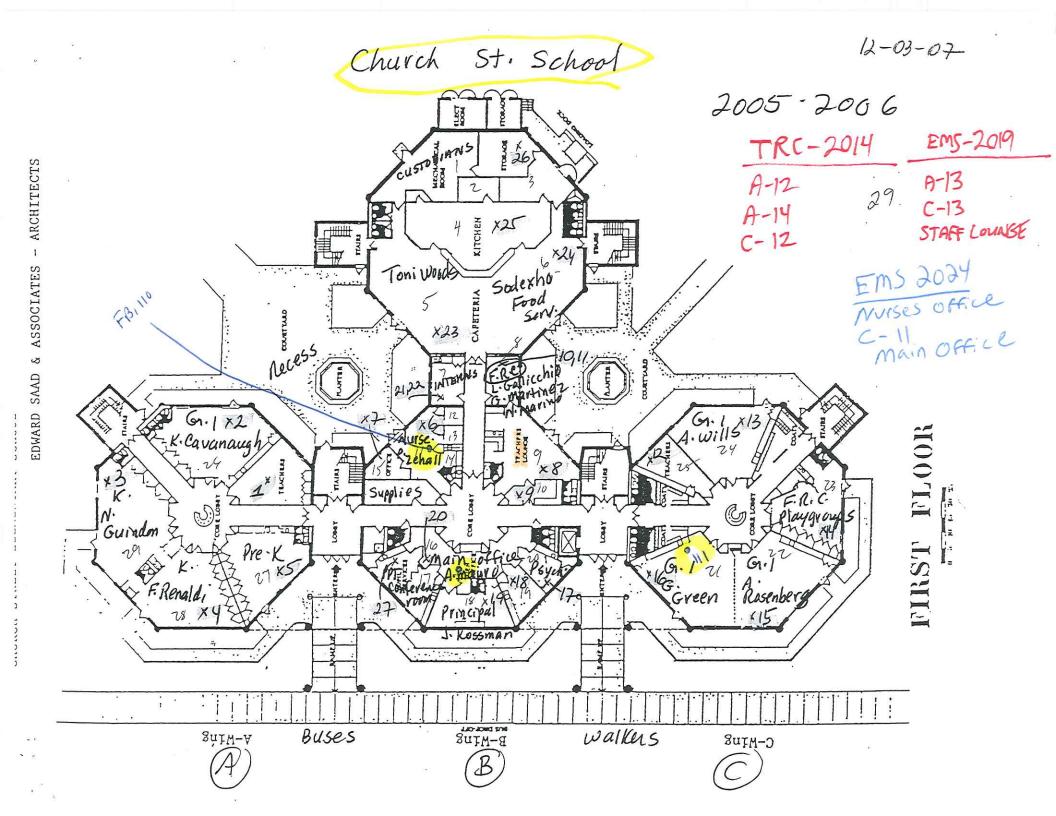
SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

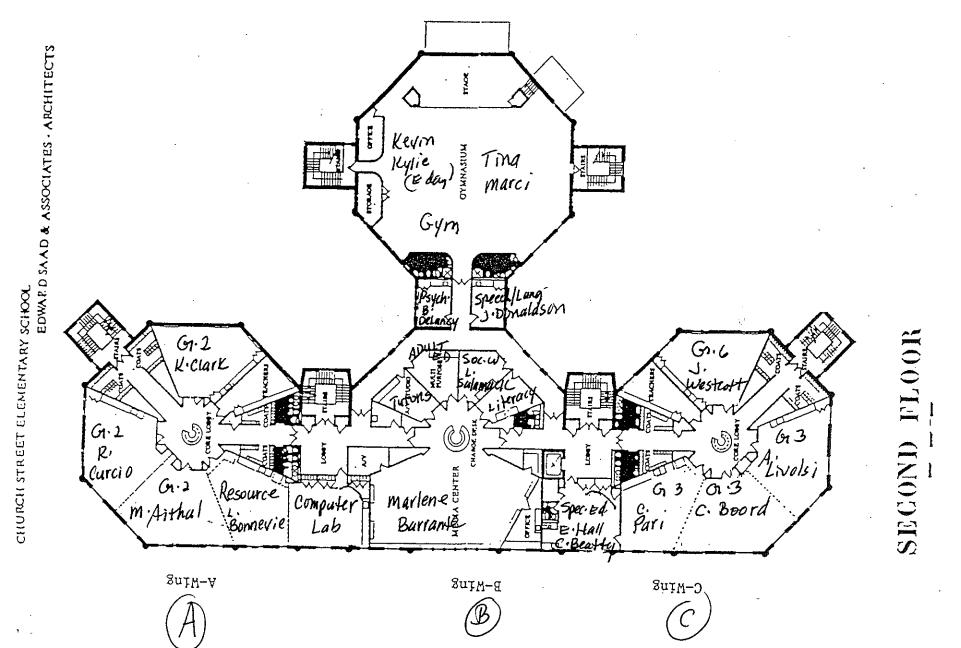
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

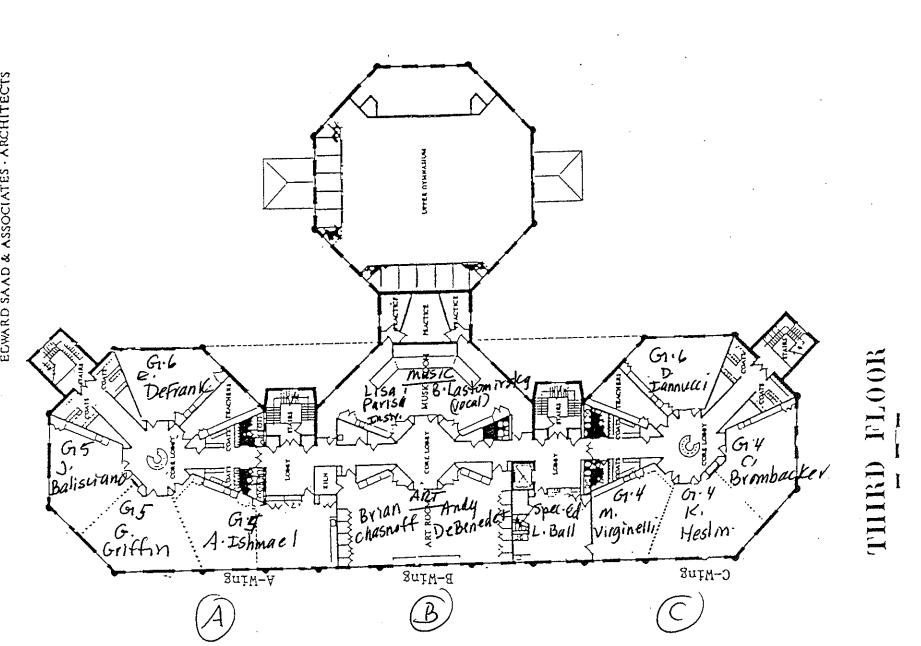
RAS109	95 Church Street, Hamden, CT	Church Street School Nurse's Office (Field Blank)	2/26/2024	11:43 AM	2/28/2024	12:07 PM	< 0.5
RAS110	95 Church Street, Hamden, CT	Church Street School Nurse's Office	2/26/2024	11:43 AM	2/28/2024	12:07 PM	0.57
RAS111	95 Church Street, Hamden, CT	Church Street School C-11	2/26/2024	11:46 AM	2/28/2024	12:08 PM	0.88
RAD103 A & B	95 Church Street, Hamden, CT	Church Street School Main Office	2/26/2024	11:48 AM	2/28/2024	12:05 PM	0.56/0.57

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations







ECWARD SAAD & ASSOCIATES · ARCHITECTS

CHURCH STREET ELEMENTARY SCHOOL



Cleaner environment. Safer workplaces.

Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Dunbar Hill School, 315 Lane Street Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

470 Murdock Avenue • Meriden, Connecticut 06450 203 238-4846 • facsimile (203) 238-4243

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V. What Do the Radon Test Resul	ts Mean? 3
VI. Conclusions and Recommendat	tions 4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5-year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Dunbar Hill School at 315 Lane Street in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 26 to February 28, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Eight (8) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

ı

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

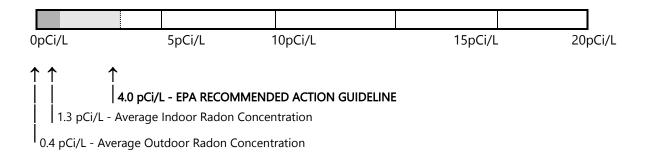
<u>Dunbar Hill School</u>

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS116**	1 st Floor	Classroom #6 (Field Blank)	< 0.5
R2	RAS117	1 st Floor	Classroom #6	< 0.5
R3	RAS118	1 st Floor	Classroom#2	< 0.5
R4	RAS119	1 st Floor	Health Office	< 0.5
R5	RAS120	1 st Floor	Staff Lounge/Conference Room	< 0.5
R6	RAS121	1 st Floor	Practice Room #3	< 0.5
R7	RAD105A*	1 st Floor	Computer Lab	< 0.5
R8	RAD105B*	1 st Floor	Computer Lab	< 0.5

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at Dunbar Hill School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5-year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

NRSB #6SS0078

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

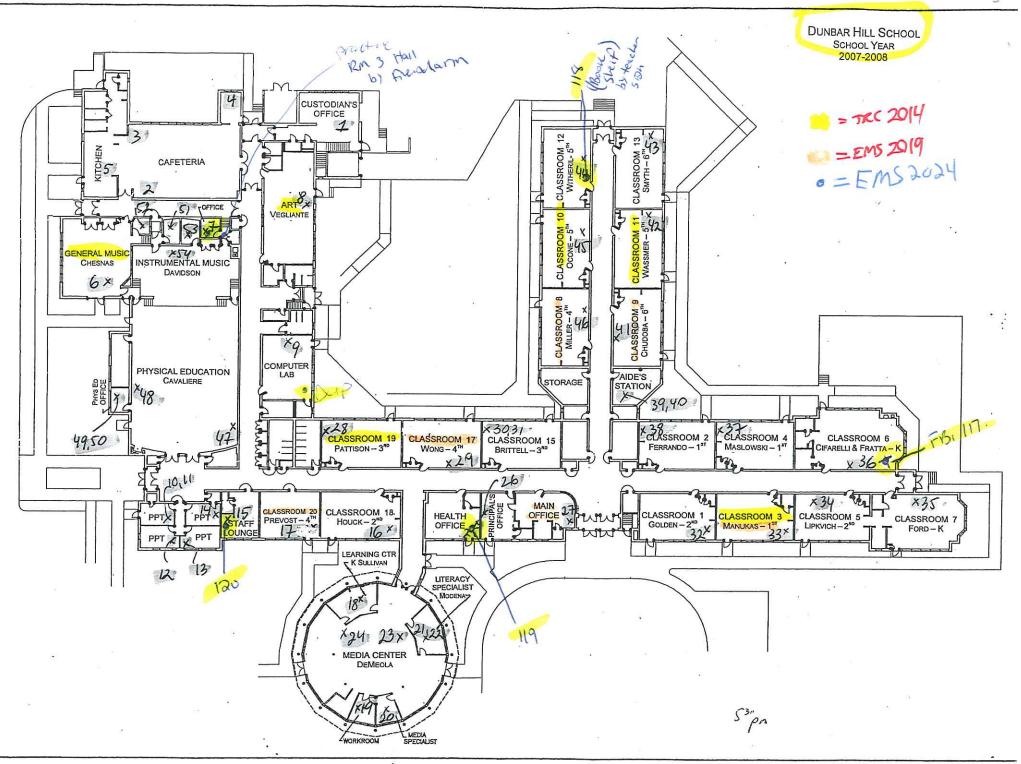
SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

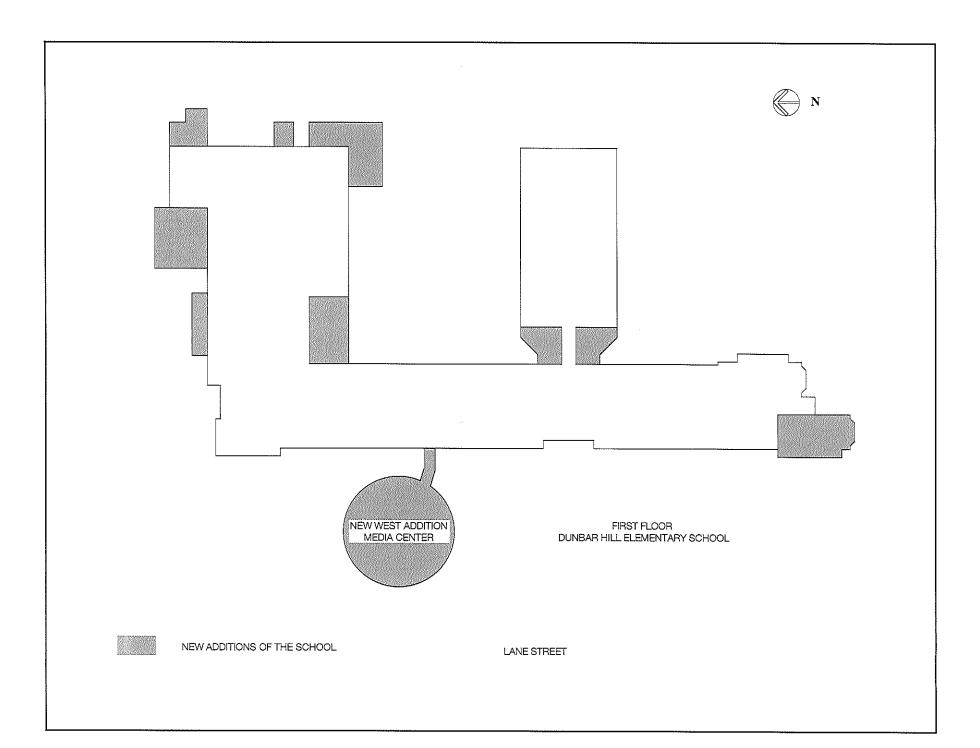
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

RAS116	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Classroom #6 (Field Blank)	2/26/2024	1:50 PM	2/28/2024	1:55 PM	< 0.5
RAS117	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Classroom #6	2/26/2024	1:50 PM	2/28/2024	1:55 PM	< 0.5
RAS118	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Classroom #2	2/26/2024	1:55 PM	2/28/2024	2:00 PM	< 0.5
RAS119	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Health Office	2/26/2024	2:00 PM	2/28/2024	2:05 PM	< 0.5
RAS120	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Staff Lounge/Conference Room	2/26/2024	2:05 PM	2/28/2024	2:10 PM	< 0.5
RAS121	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Practice Room #3	2/26/2024	2:15 PM	2/28/2024	2:18 PM	< 0.5
RAD105 A & B	315 Lane Street, Hamden, CT	Dunbar Hill School Computer Lab	2/26/2024	2:10 PM	2/28/2024	2:15 PM	< 0.5/< 0.5

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations







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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Hamden High School 2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

470 Murdock Avenue • Meriden, Connecticut 06450 203 238-4846 • facsimile (203) 238-4243

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VI. Conclusions and Recommendat	tions 4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Hamden High School at 2040 Dixwell Avenue in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 27 to February 29, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Thirteen (13) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

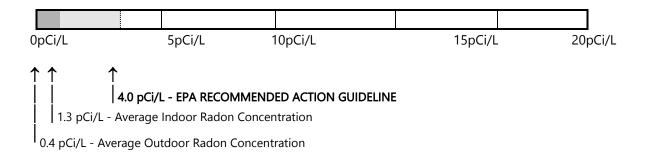
Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS128	1 st Floor	Room D104 **	< 0.5
R2	RAS129	1 st Floor	Room D104	< 0.5
R3	RAS130	1 st Floor	Room D110	< 0.5
R4	RAS131	1 st Floor	Room 106	< 0.5
R5	RAS132	1 st Floor	Gym (Right Side)	< 0.5
R6	RAS133	1 st Floor	Gym (Left Side)	< 0.5
R7	RAS134	1 st Floor	Auditorium (Right Side)	0.52
R8	RAS135	1 st Floor	Auditorium (Left Side)	0.65
R9	RAS136	1 st Floor	Room B110	< 0.5
R10	RAS137	1 st Floor	Room B105	< 0.5
R11	RAS138	1 st Floor	Room A112	< 0.5
R12	RAD112A	1 st Floor	Room 104A (Main Office) *	0.75
R13	RAD112B	1 st Floor	Room 104A (Main Office) *	0.76

<u>Hamden High School</u>

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the Hamden High School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES NRSB #6SS0078

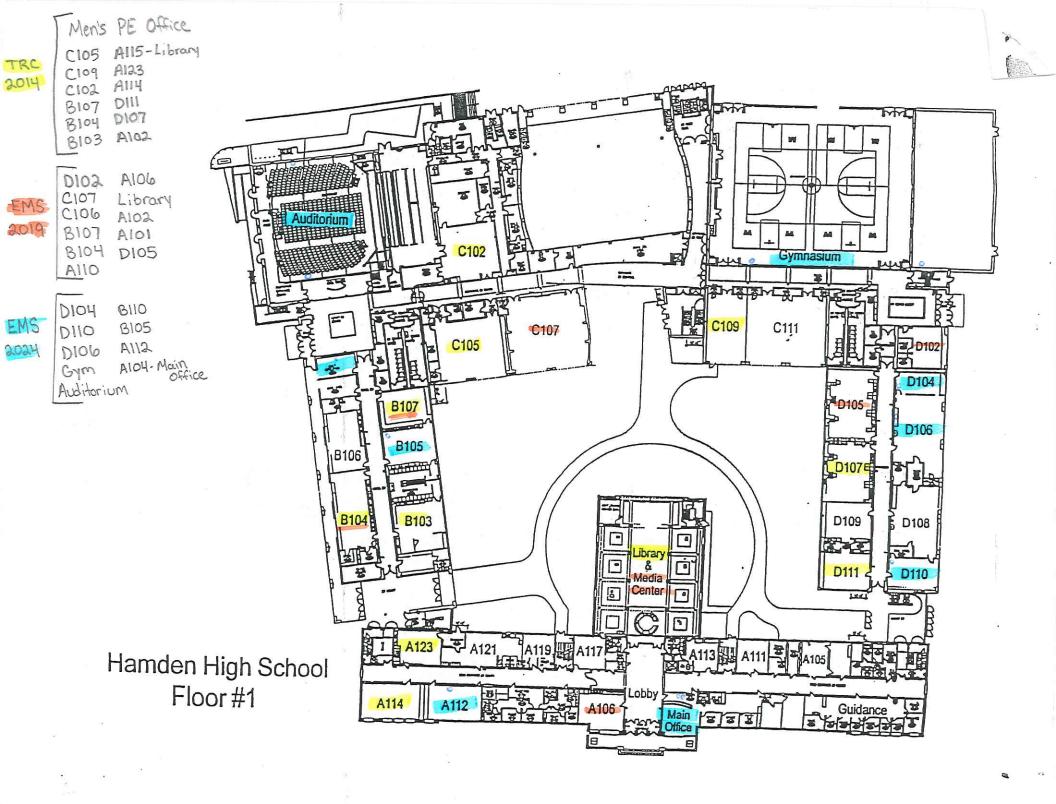
DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

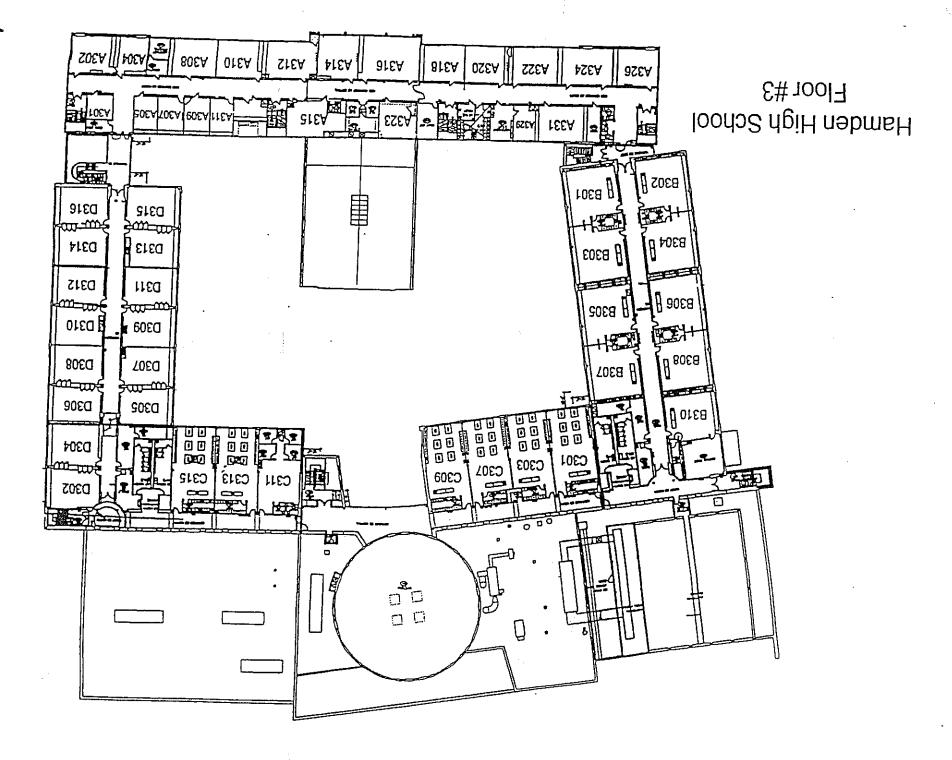
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

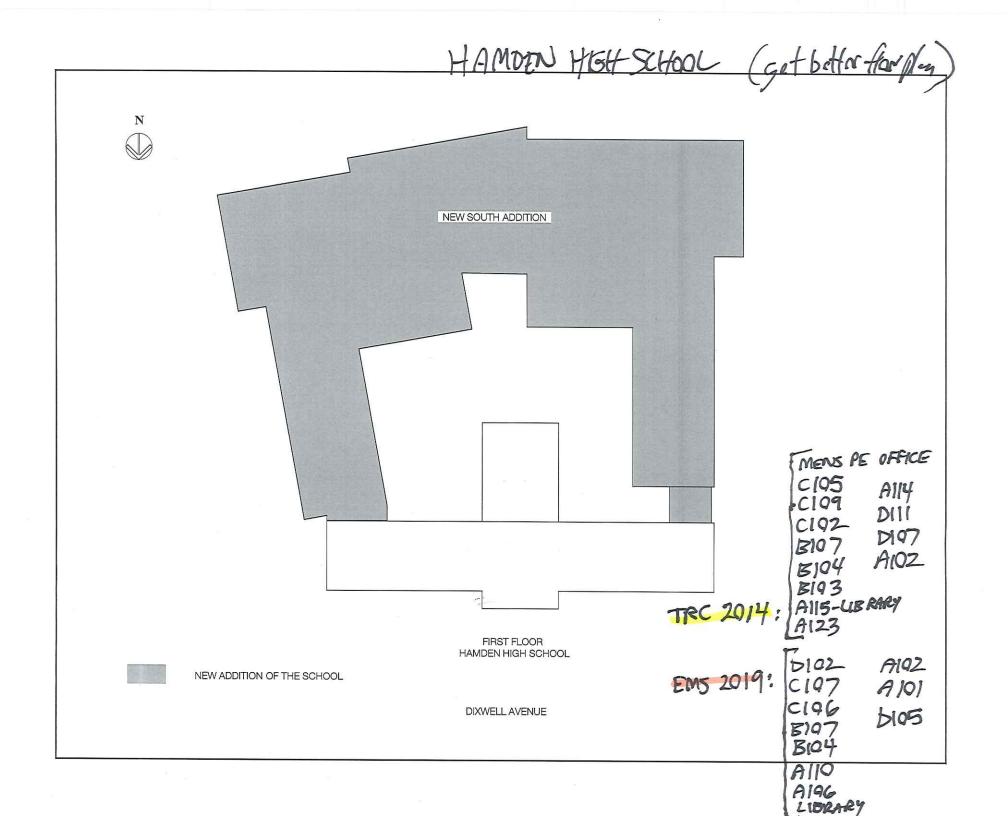
RAS128	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room D104 (Field Blank)	2/27/2024	8:35 AM	2/29/2024	9:17 AM	< 0.5
RAS129	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room D104	2/27/2024	8:35 AM	2/29/2024	9:17 AM	< 0.5
RAS130	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room D110	2/27/2024	8:30 AM	2/29/2024	9:16 AM	< 0.5
RAS131	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room 106	2/27/2024	8:38 AM	2/29/2024	9:18 AM	< 0.5
RAS132	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Gym (Right Side)	2/27/2024	8:41 AM	2/29/2024	9:19 AM	< 0.5
RAS133	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Gym (Left Side)	2/27/2024	8:44 AM	2/29/2024	9:20 AM	< 0.5
RAS134	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Auditorium (Right Side)	2/27/2024	8:50 AM	2/29/2024	9:25 AM	< 0.5
RAS135	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Auditorium (Left Side)	2/27/2024	8:53 AM	2/29/2024	9:25 AM	< 0.5
RAS136	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room B110	2/27/2024	8:55 AM	2/29/2024	9:26 AM	< 0.5
RAS137	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room B105	2/27/2024	8:58 AM	2/29/2024	9:26 AM	0.52
RAS138	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room A112	2/27/2024	9:00 AM	2/29/2024	9:28 AM	0.65
RAD107 A & B	2040 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden High School Room A104 (Main Office)	2/27/2024	9:05 AM	2/29/2024	9:30 AM	0.75/0.76

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations









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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Hamden Middle School 2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Hamden Middle School at 2623 Dixwell Avenue in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 27 to February 29, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Ten (10) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

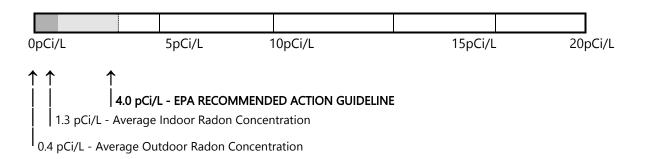
Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	<i>Radon Level in pCi/L</i>
R1	RAS143	1 st Floor	Room 117 **	< 0.5
R2	RAS144	1 st Floor	Room 117	< 0.5
R3	RAS145	1 st Floor	Room 100 (Auditorium)	< 0.5
R4	RAS146	1 st Floor	Room 100 (Auditorium)	< 0.5
R5	RAS147	1 st Floor	Room 110 (Cafeteria)	< 0.5
R6	RAS148	1 st Floor	Room 110A (Cafeteria)	< 0.5
R7	RAS149	1 st Floor	Room 134	< 0.5
R8	RAS150	1 st Floor	Room 144	< 0.5
R9	RAD112A	1 st Floor	Room 193 (Main Office) *	< 0.5
R10	RAD112B	1 st Floor	Room 193 (Main Office) *	< 0.5

Hamden Middle School

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the Hamden Middle School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

NRSB #6SS0078

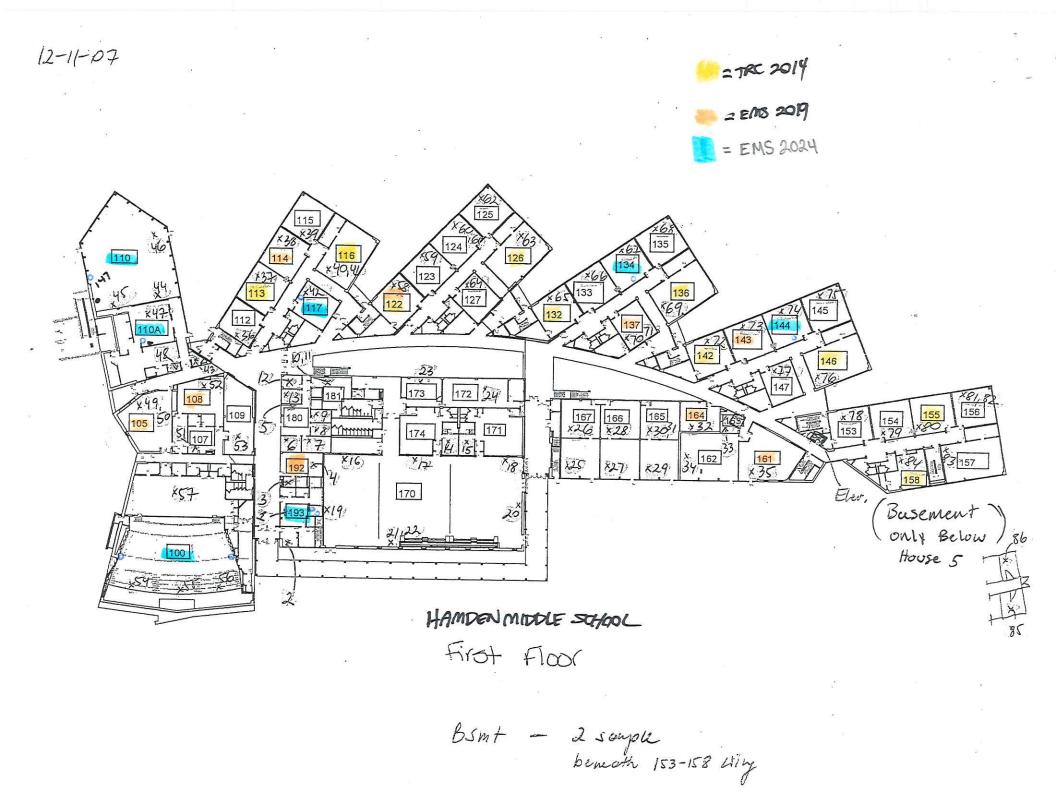
SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

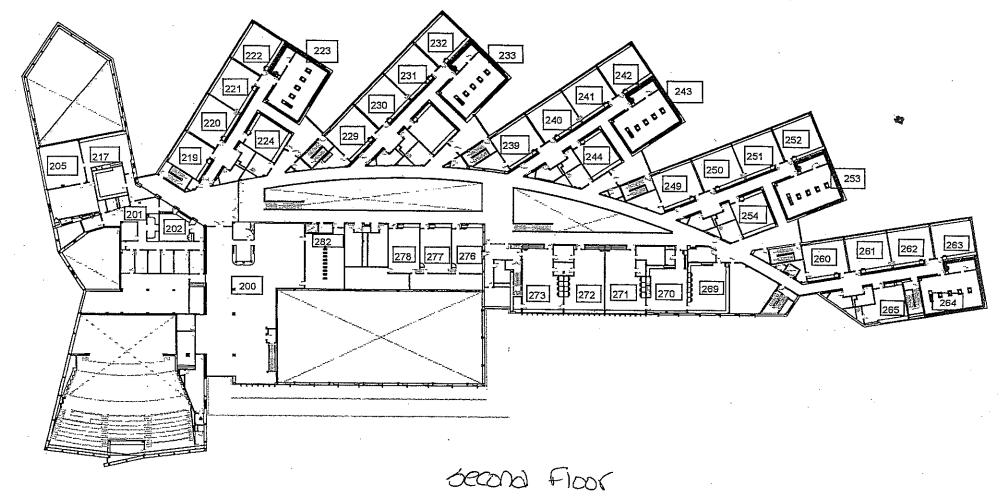
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

RAS143	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 117 (Field Blank)	2/27/2024	11:18 AM	2/29/2024	12:03 PM	< 0.5
RAS144	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 117	2/27/2024	11:18 AM	2/29/2024	12:03 PM	< 0.5
RAS145	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 100 (Auditorium)	2/27/2024	11:08 AM	2/29/2024	11:57 AM	< 0.5
RAS146	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 100 (Auditorium)	2/27/2024	11:08 AM	2/29/2024	11:58 AM	< 0.5
RAS147	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 110 (Cafeteria)	2/27/2024	11:15 AM	2/29/2024	12:02 PM	< 0.5
RAS148	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 110A (Cafeteria)	2/27/2024	11:15 AM	2/29/2024	12:02 PM	< 0.5
RAS149	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 134	2/27/2024	11:20 AM	2/29/2024	12:06 PM	< 0.5
RAS150	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 144	2/27/2024	11:25 AM	2/29/2024	12:08 PM	< 0.5
RAD109 A & B	2623 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, CT	Hamden Middle School Room 193 (Main Office)	2/27/2024	11:05 AM	2/29/2024	11:57 AM	< 0.5/< 0.5

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations







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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Helen Street School, 285 Helen Street Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5-year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Helen St. School at 285 Helen Street in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 26 to February 28, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Six (6) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

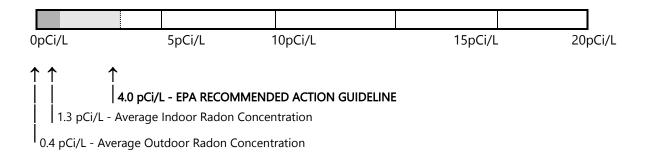
<u>Helen Street School</u>

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS112	Basement	Entrance Corridor**	< 0.5
R2	RAS113	Basement	Entrance Corridor	1.27
R3	RAS114	Basement	Room 3	1.42
R4	RAS115	Basement	Room 2	1.48
R5	RAD104A	1 st Floor	638-Carrasco*	1.87
R6	RAD104B	1 st Floor	638- Carrasco*	1.63

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the Helen Street School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

NRSB #6SS0078

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

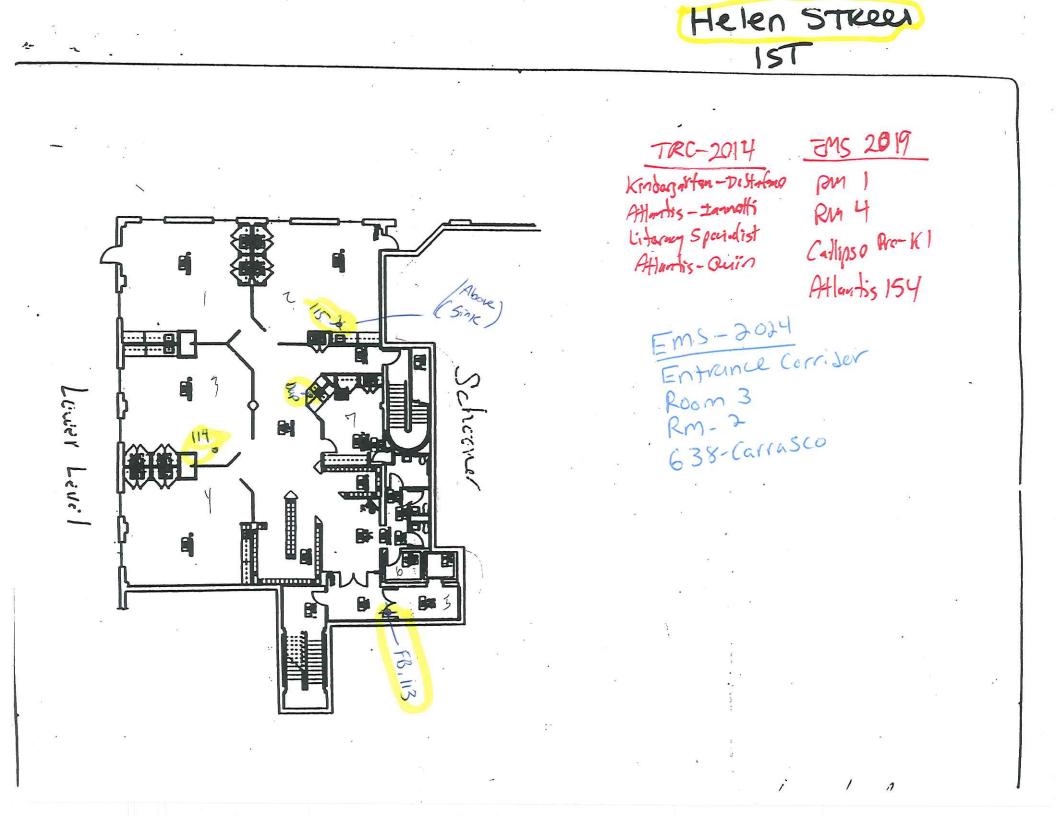
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

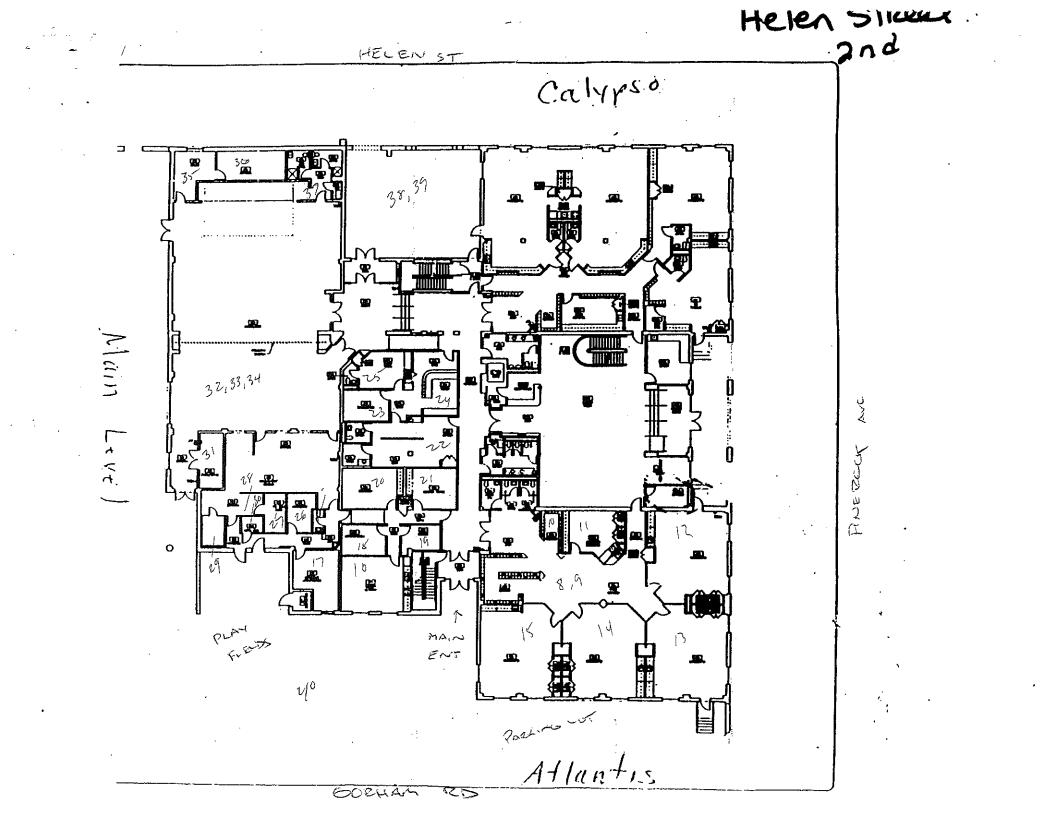
RAS112	285 Helen Street, Hamden, CT	Helen Street School Entrance Corridor (Field Blank)	2/26/2024	1:10 PM	2/28/2024	1:26 PM	< 0.5
RAS113	285 Helen Street, Hamden, CT	Helen Street School Entrance Corridor	2/26/2024	1:15 PM	2/28/2024	1:26 PM	1.27
RAS114	285 Helen Street, Hamden, CT	Helen Street School Room 3	2/26/2024	1:20 PM	2/28/2024	1:28 PM	1.42
RAS115	285 Helen Street, Hamden, CT	Helen Street School Room 2	2/26/2024	1:25 PM	2/28/2024	1:28 PM	1.48
RAD104 A & B	285 Helen Street, Hamden, CT	Helen Street School 638 - Carrasco	2/26/2024	1:23 PM	2/28/2024	1:27 PM	1.87/1.63

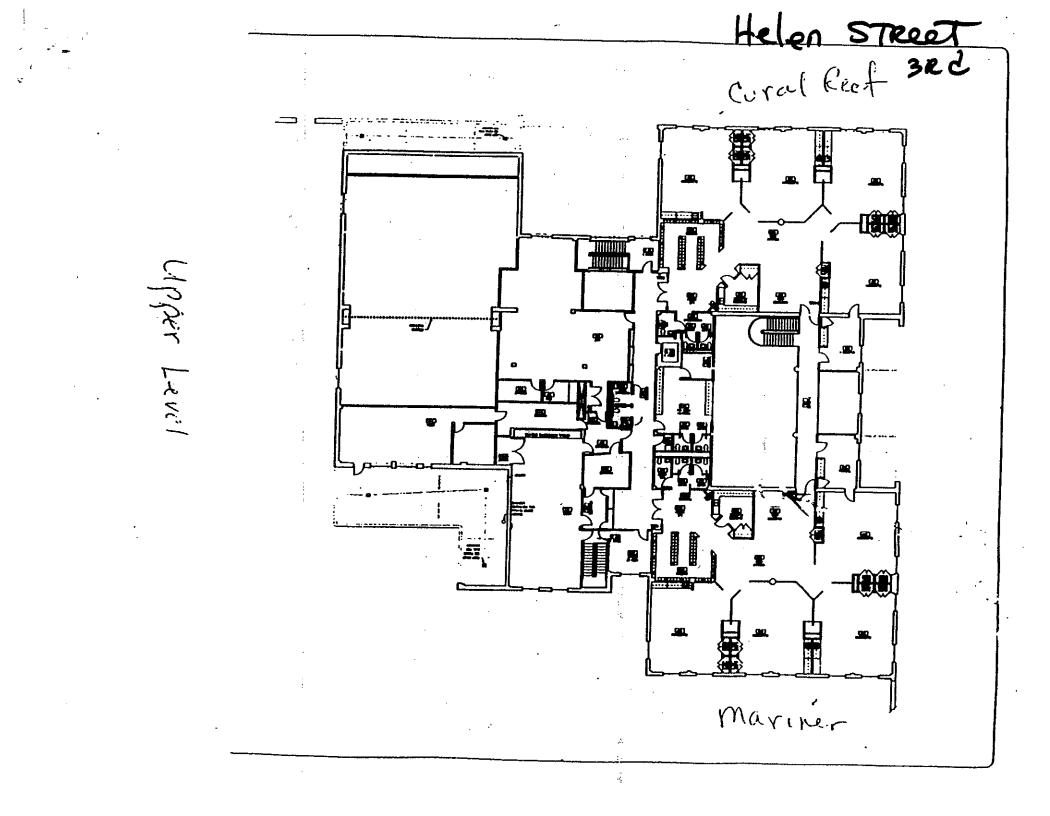
SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations









Cleaner environment. Safer workplaces.

Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Ridge Hill School 120 Carew Road Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

470 Murdock Avenue • Meriden, Connecticut 06450 203 238-4846 • facsimile (203) 238-4243

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IV. Radon in Air Test Results	2
V. What Do the Radon Test Results Mean?	3
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5-year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Ridge Hill School at 120 Carew Road in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 26 to February 28, 2024, by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Six (6) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

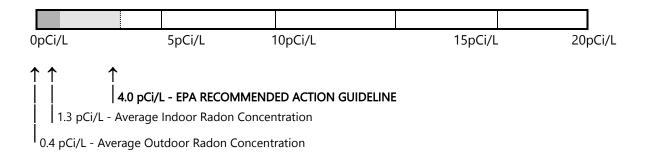
<u>Ridge Hill School</u>

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS101	1 st Floor	Mercury Front Near Bathroom**	< 0.5
R2	RAS102	1 st Floor	Mercury Front Near Bathroom	< 0.5
R3	RAS103	1 st Floor	Right Gym Entrance	< 0.5
R4	RAS104	1 st Floor	Left Gym Entrance	< 0.5
R5	RAD101A	1 st Floor	Mercury Front Right*	0.76
R6	RAD101B	1st Floor	Mercury Front Right*	0.69

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at Ridge Hill School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

NRSB #6SS0078

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

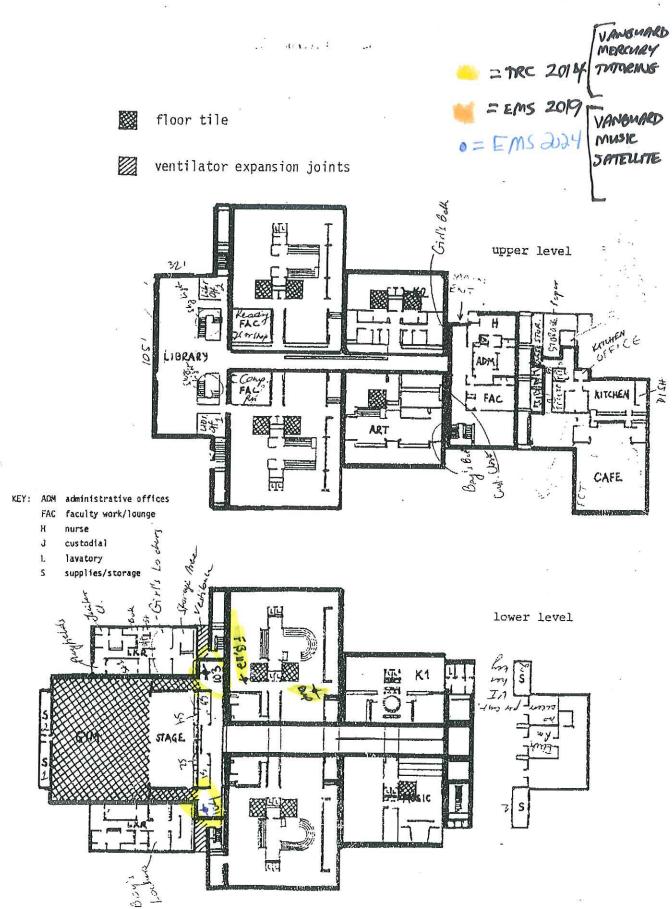
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

CANISTER	SAMPLE		DATE	TIME		TIME	<u>Result</u>
ID –	ADDRESS	LOCATION	START	START	STOP	STOP	<u>pCi/L</u>
RAS101	120 Carew Road, Hamden, CT	Ridge Hill School Mercury Front Bathroom (Field Blank)	2/26/2024	10:45 AM	2/28/2024	11:25 AM	< 0.5
RAS102	120 Carew Road, Hamden, CT	Ridge Hill School Mercury Front Bathroom	2/26/2024	10:45 AM	2/28/2024	11:26 AM	< 0.5
RAS103	120 Carew Road, Hamden, CT	Ridge Hill School Right Gym Entrance	2/26/2024	10:47 AM	2/28/2024	11:27 AM	< 0.5
RAS104	120 Carew Road, Hamden, CT	Ridge Hill School Left Gym Entrance	2/26/2024	10:48 AM	2/28/2024	11:27 AM	< 0.5
RAD101A & B	120 Carew Road, Hamden, CT	Ridge Hill School Mercury Front Right	2/26/2024	10:45 AM	2/28/2024	11:25 AM	0.76/0.69

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations

RIDGE HILL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL Hamden, Connecticut





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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

Shepard Glen Elementary School 1 Skiff Street, Hamden, Connecticut

PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Shepard Glen School at 1 Skiff Street in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 27 to February 29, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Seven (7) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

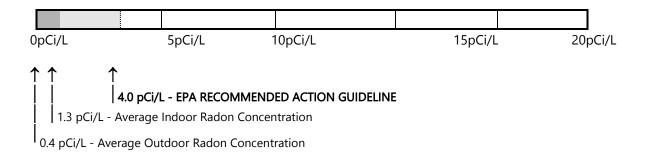
Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS163	1 st Floor	Media Center (Right)	< 0.5
R2	RAS164	1 st Floor	Cafeteria	< 0.5
R3	RAS165	1 st Floor	Media Center (Left)	< 0.5
R4	RAS166	1 st Floor	Staff Lounge **	< 0.5
R5	RAS167	1 st Floor	Staff Lounge	< 0.5
R6	RAD112A	1 st Floor	Main Office*	< 0.5
R7	RAD112B	1 st Floor	Main Office*	< 0.5

Shepherd Glen Elementary School

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the Shephard Glen Elementary School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

NRSB #6SS0078

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

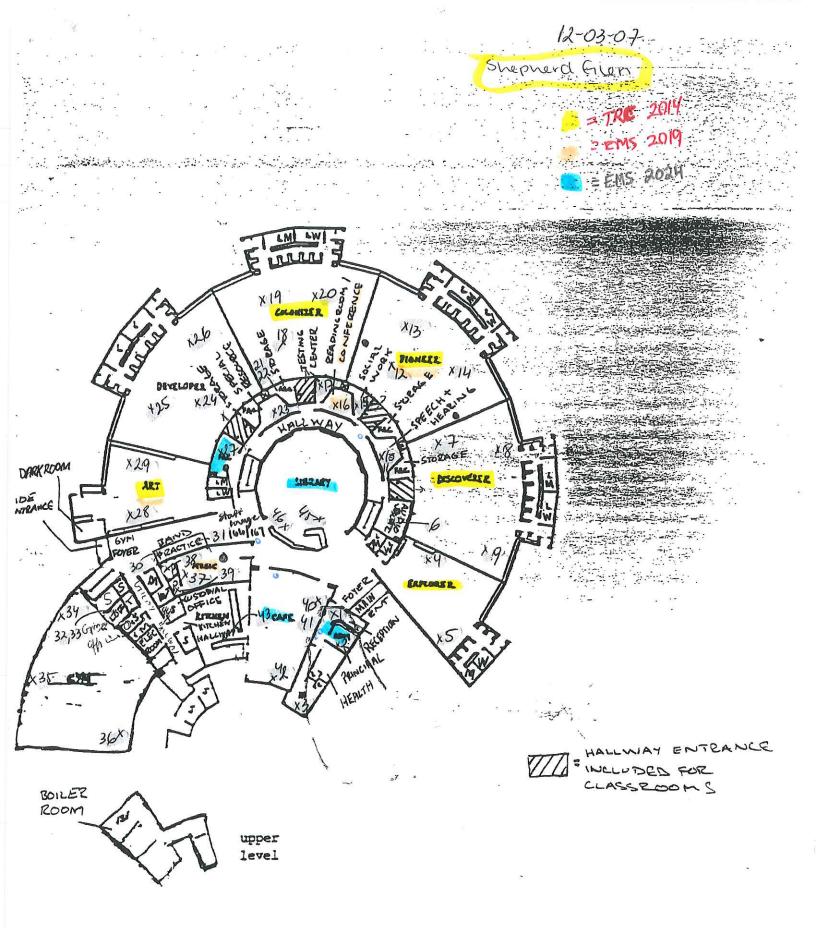
SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

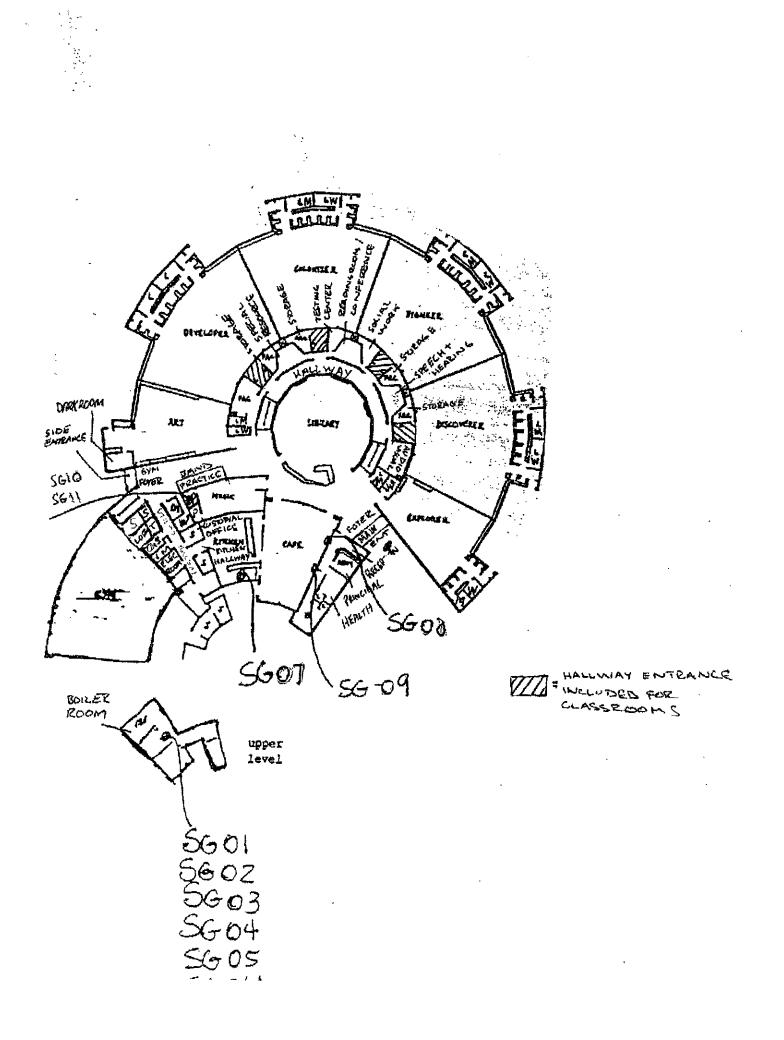
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

RAS163	1 Skiff Street, Hamden, CT	Shepherd Glen Elementary Media Center (Right)	2/27/2024	1:32 PM	2/29/2024	1:42 PM	< 0.5
RAS164	1 Skiff Street, Hamden, CT	Shepherd Glen Elementary Cafeteria	2/27/2024	1:35 PM	2/29/2024	1:41 PM	< 0.5
RAS165	1 Skiff Street, Hamden, CT	Shepherd Glen Elementary Media Center (Left)	2/27/2024	1:31 PM	2/29/2024	1:42 PM	< 0.5
RAS166	1 Skiff Street, Hamden, CT	Shepherd Glen Elementary Staff Lounge (Field Blank)	2/27/2024	1:38 PM	2/29/2024	1:43 PM	< 0.5
RAS167	1 Skiff Street, Hamden, CT	Shepherd Glen Elementary Staff Lounge	2/27/2024	1:38 PM	2/29/2024	1:43 PM	< 0.5
RAD112 A & B	1 Skiff Street, Hamden, CT	Shepherd Glen Elementary Main Office	2/27/2024	1:30 PM	2/29/2024	1:40 PM	< 0.5/< 0.5

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations







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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

> Spring Glen School 1908 Whitney Avenue Hamden, Connecticut

> > PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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V. What Do the Radon Test Results Mean?	3
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations	4

Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5-year reevaluation for airborne radon at the Spring Glen School at 1908 Whitney Avenue. in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 26 to February 28, 2024, by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Six (6) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

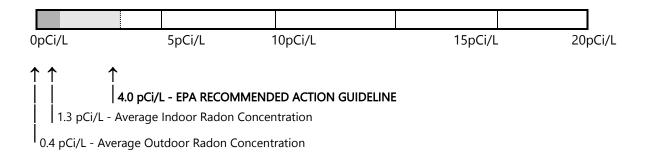
Spring Glen School

Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAD102A	1 st Floor	Room 106*	< 0.5
R2	RAD102B	1 st Floor	Room 106*	< 0.5
R3	RAS105	1 st Floor	Room 108**	< 0.5
R4	RAS106	1 st Floor	Room 108	< 0.5
R5	RAS107	1 st Floor	Room 105	0.82
R6	RAS108	1 st Floor	Room 103	0.63

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at Spring Glen School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5-year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

NRSB #6SS0078

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

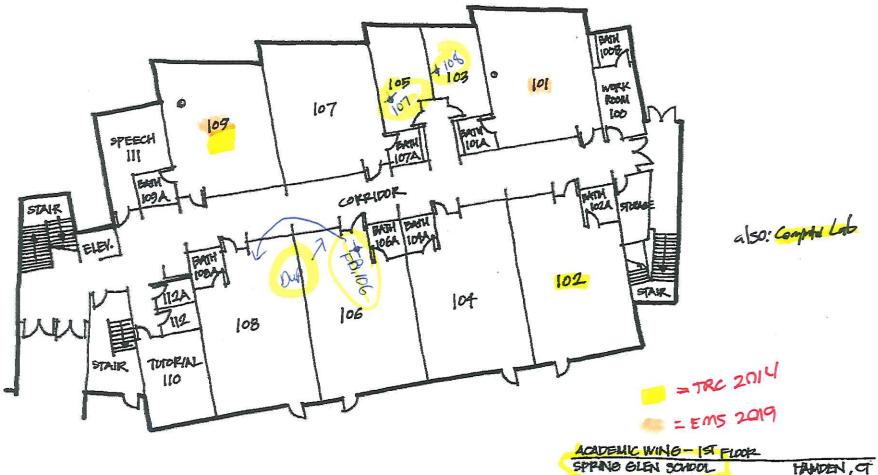
DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS
LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS
CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

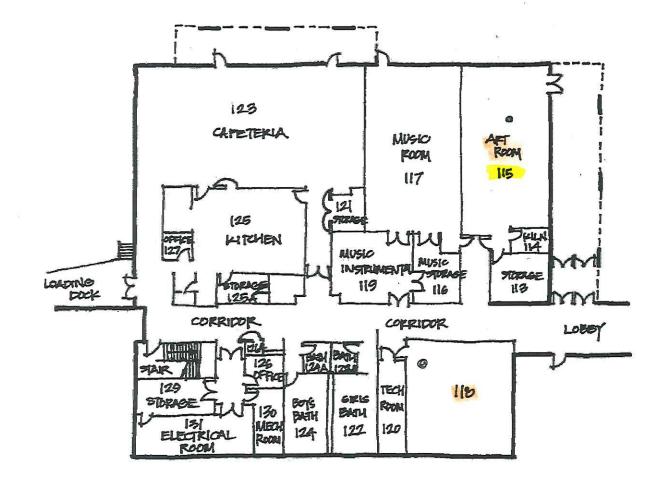
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280 CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES Spring Glen School | Room #108 (Field Blank) **RAS105** 1908 Whitney Avenue, Hamden, CT 2/26/2024 11:17 AM 2/28/2024 11:47 AM < 0.5 RAS106 1908 Whitney Avenue, Hamden, CT Spring Glen School | Room #108 2/26/2024 11:17 AM 2/28/2024 11:47 AM < 0.5 RAS107 1908 Whitney Avenue, Hamden, CT Spring Glen School | Room #105 2/26/2024 11:20 AM 2/28/2024 11:49 AM 0.82 RAS108 1908 Whitney Avenue, Hamden, CT Spring Glen School | Room #103 2/26/2024 11:21 AM 2/28/2024 11:50 AM 0.63 2/26/2024 RAD102 A & B 1908 Whitney Avenue, Hamden, CT Spring Glen School | Room 106 11:18 AM 2/28/2024 11:48 AM < 0.5/< 0.5

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations

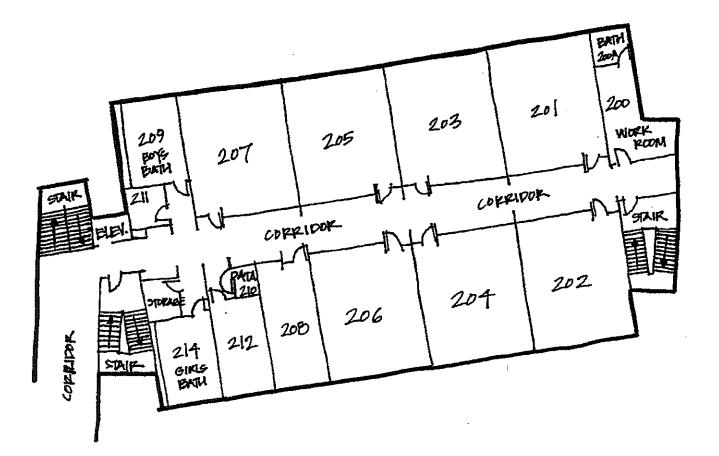


HAMDEN, 9



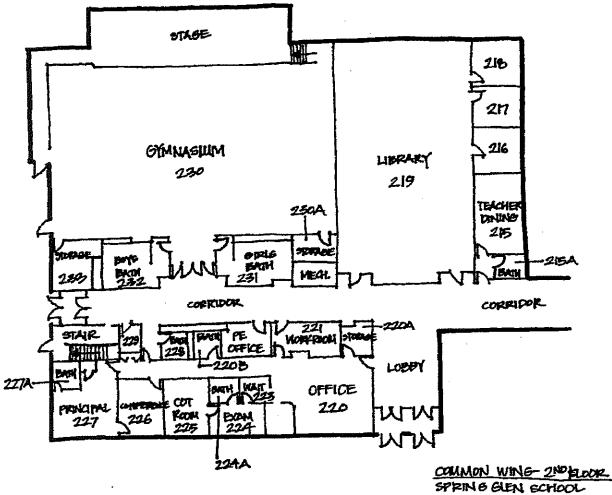
COMMON WING - 1ST FLOOR SPRING BLEN SCHOOL

· HAMDEN, OT

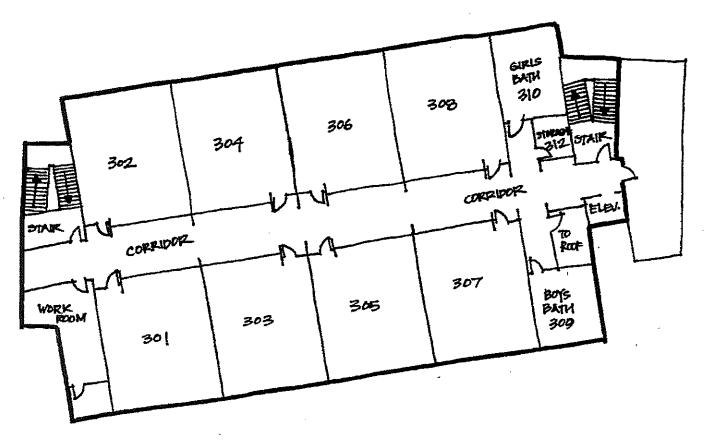


ACADEMIC WING - 240 FLOOR OPPING GLEN SCHOOL

HAMDEN, CT



HAMDEN, OT



.

ADADEMIC WINE - 340 FLOOR SPRINE GLEN SCHOOL

HANDEN, CT



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Radon Sampling Report Short Term Radon Testing for

West Woods Elementary School 350 West Todd Street, Hamden, Connecticut

PREPARED FOR:

Hamden Public Schools 60 Putnam Avenue Hamden, CT

February 2024

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Appendix A: Laboratory Results Appendix B: Radon Sample Locations

I. SUMMARY

EnviroMed Services, Inc. was retained by Hamden Public Schools to conduct 5 year reevaluation for airborne radon at the West Woods Elementary School at 350 West Todd Street in Hamden, Connecticut. The purpose of this monitoring was to determine if the airborne levels were below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The monitoring was supervised from February 27 to February 29, 2024 by radon accredited professional John Luby.

II. RADON FACTS AND HEALTH RISK INFORMATION

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer. It is naturally occurring radioactive gas. It comes from the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium, which is found in soil and rock all over the United States. Radon travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other holes in the foundation. Eventually, it decays into radioactive particles that can become trapped in our lungs when we breathe. As these particles in turn decay, they release small bursts of radiation. This radiation can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of our lifetime.

Radon is colorless, odorless, and tasteless. The only way to determine whether or not an elevated level of radon is present in any room of a school is to conduct a radon sampling test.

III. SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Radon in Air

Monitoring was performed in 10% of occupied rooms that come in contact with the ground within the school. Eight (8) EPA approved monitoring devices were placed in designated sample locations at a minimum of 36 inches off the floor, more than one foot from exterior walls and more than three feet from windows. They were opened and allowed to be exposed to the indoor atmosphere for between forty-eight and seventy-two hours, which complies with the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) School Radon Testing Guidance

and United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) sampling protocol. Upon completion of the monitoring, the canisters were sealed and transported to a State certified laboratory for analysis, *Aquatek Labs* in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Results can be found in **Appendix A**.

In order to provide assurance of the quality of the measurement, duplicate (10%) and blank (5%) samples accompanied all testing activities and were submitted to the laboratory at the same time. Please note that the laboratory allows for a +/- 0.5pCi/L variation on blank samples.

IV. RADON IN AIR TEST RESULTS

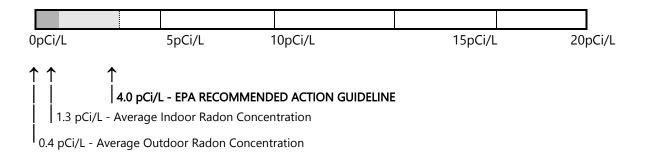
Sample ID	Canister ID	Floor Level	Sample Location	Radon Level in pCi/L
R1	RAS157	1 st Floor	Main Office **	< 0.5
R2	RAS158	1 st Floor	Main Office	< 0.5
R3	RAS159	1 st Floor	Gym (Right)	< 0.5
R4	RAS160	1 st Floor	Gym (Left)	< 0.5
R5	RAS161	1 st Floor	Willow Room	< 0.5
R6	RAS162	1 st Floor	Math Office	< 0.5
R7	RAD111A	1 st Floor	Literacy Specialist (Blanchard)*	< 0.5
R8	RAD111B	1 st Floor	Literacy Specialist (Blanchard)*	< 0.5

West Woods Elementary School

* indicates duplicate sample

** indicates blank sample

Use the following chart to compare your radon test results, expressed in picoCuries of radon per liter of air (pCi/L), with the EPA guidelines.



The CT DPH School Radon Testing Guidance and the US EPA strongly recommend taking further action when the radon test results are 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or greater.

The national average indoor radon level is about 1.3 pCi/L. The higher the radon levels the greater the health risk to occupants. Even high levels can be reduced to below 4.0 pCi/L. EPA recommends that you use an EPA or State-approved contractor trained to fix radon problems.

V. WHAT DO THE RADON TEST RESULTS MEAN?

If the radon level is **below 4.0 pCi/L**, you do not need to take action.

If the radon level is <u>4.0 pCi/L or greater</u>, use the following chart to determine what should be done next. Depending upon the type of test taken, you will have to either test again or take corrective actions to reduce the radon level.

Type of Test(s)	If Radon Level Is 4.0 pCi/L or Greater
Single Short-Term Test	Test Again*
Average of Short-Term Tests	Fix The Problem
One Long-Term Test	Fix The Problem

Note: All tests should meet EPA technical protocols.

*If your first short-term test is several times greater than 4.0 pCi/L - for example, about 10 pCi/L or higher - you should take a second short-term test immediately.

VI. <u>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the results obtained from the radon monitoring at the West Woods Elementary School located in Hamden, Connecticut, EnviroMed Services Inc. makes the following conclusions and recommendations:

• Testing indicates that radon levels are below the EPA Action Level in the school. No further action is required. Radon re-testing is recommended at 5 year intervals.

Appendix A

Laboratory Results

AQUATEK LABS

RADON IN AIR LIQUID SCINTILLATION REPORT

NRSB #6SS0078

DATE: 2/26/24 - 2/29/2024

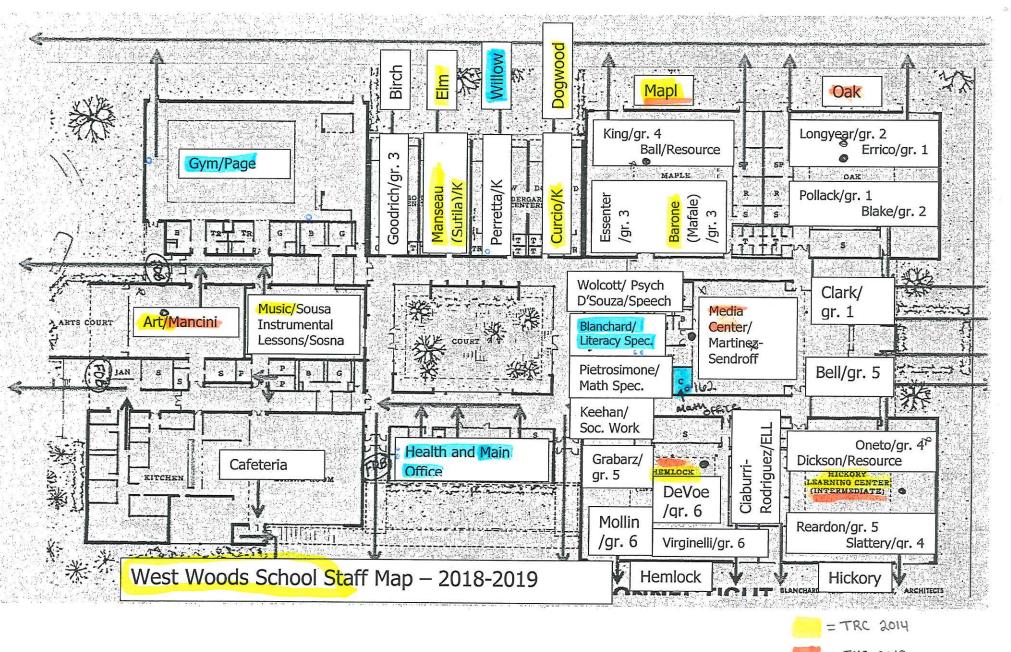
SITE: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LOCATION: HAMDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLIENT NAME: ENVIROMED SERVICES

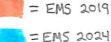
PROJ. NO.: IH-24-280

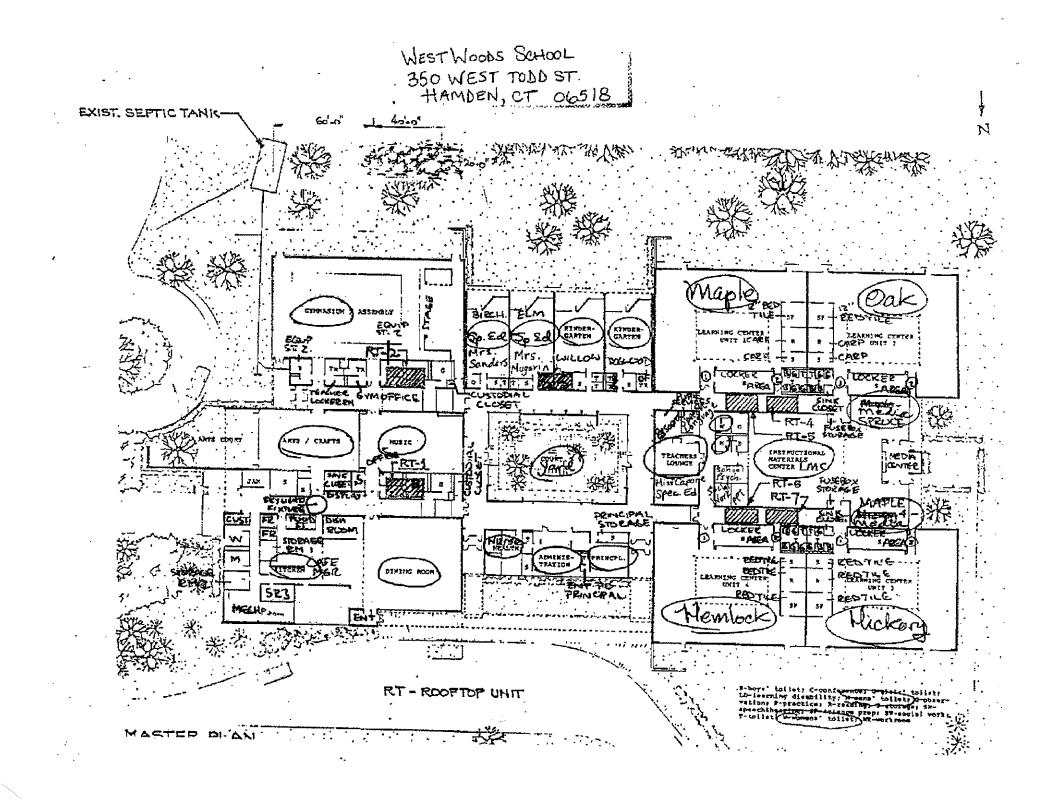
RAS157	350 West Todd Street, Hamden, CT	West Woods Elementary Main Office (Field Blank)	2/27/2024	12:43 PM	2/29/2024	1:02 PM	< 0.5
RAS158	350 West Todd Street, Hamden, CT	West Woods Elementary Main Office	2/27/2024	12:43 PM	2/29/2024	1:02 PM	< 0.5
RAS159	350 West Todd Street, Hamden, CT	West Woods Elementary Gym (Right)	2/27/2024	12:48 PM	2/29/2024	1:06 PM	< 0.5
RAS160	350 West Todd Street, Hamden, CT	West Woods Elementary Gym (Left)	2/27/2024	12:49 PM	2/29/2024	1:07 PM	< 0.5
RAD111 A & B	350 West Todd Street, Hamden, CT	West Woods Elementary Literacy Specialist (Blanchard)	2/27/2024	12:57 PM	2/29/2024	1:03 PM	< 0.5/< 0.5

Appendix **B**

Radon Sample Locations







For More Information Contact:

STATE OF CONNECTICUT Department of Public Health Radon Program



CT Department of Public Health Radon Program 410 Capitol Avenue, MS# 12-RAD P.O. Box 340308 Hartford, CT 06134-0308

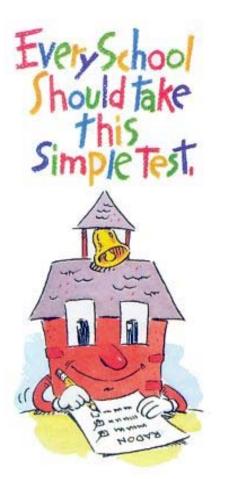
Phone: 860-509-7300 Fax: 860-509-7295 Email: DPH.RadonReports@ct.gov Web: www.ct.gov/radon



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Adapted from the following publication: EPA. (1994). *Radon in Schools, 2nd ed.*, Publication #: EPA-402-F-94-009





Revised July 2023



What You Should Know About Radon

Chances are you've already heard of radon - a radioactive gas that can cause lung cancer.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ranks indoor radon among the most serious environmental health problems facing us today. After smoking, it is the second leading cause of lung cancer in the United States causing an estimated twenty-one thousand (21,000) lung cancer deaths a year. It is the leading cause of lung cancer among non-smokers.

Radon is a naturally occurring gas that seeps into buildings from the surrounding soil. In some cases, well water may be a source of radon.

Radon exposure increases your risk of lung cancer. Radon gas decays into radioactive particles that can get trapped in your lungs when you breathe. As these particles break down, they release small bursts of energy. These bursts can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of your lifetime. Your risk of getting lung cancer from radon depends mostly on three factors:

- 1. The level of radon gas in the air you breath;
- 2. The duration of exposure (how many hours you spend exposed);
- 3. Your smoking habits.

What you might not have heard - elevated levels of radon have been found in classrooms in a number of schools in Connecticut. Therefore, it is

important that students, teachers, and parents are aware that a potential problem could exist in their school. A nationwide survey of radon levels in schools estimates that nearly one in five has at least one schoolroom with a short-term radon level above the EPA action level of 4.0 pCi/L (picocuries per liter) - the level at which EPA recommends that schools take action to reduce it.



Radon in Schools

Testing is the Only Way to Know!

Having your school tested for radon is required by law in the State of Connecticut. In fact, the only way to discover if high levels of radon are present is through testing. As real as the threat of radon is, the good news

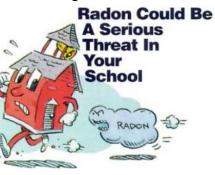
is that the problem can be solved.

How are

schools

radon?

tested for



Testing for radon is simple and relatively inexpensive.

School officials will make sure to:

- Test all frequently occupiable rooms on and below the ground level,
- Conduct tests in the colder months of the year when school is in session,
- Keep all windows shut during testing, and
- Communicate the results to parents, teachers and students.

As Easy as 1-2-3!

Step 1: Initial Testing:

- Take short-term tests
- **Step 2:** Follow-up Testing:
 - Take a second short-term test in rooms where the initial level is 4.0 pCi/L or more

Step 3: Take action to reduce levels if:

 The average of the initial and follow-up short-term tests is 4.0 pCi/L or more.

Four is the magic number...

If radon levels exceed 4.0 pCi/L, action should be taken to reduce radon in your school. Fortunately, even if your school does have high radon levels, the problem can be corrected.

Proven techniques are available that reduce radon levels and lower risks of lung cancer.

Radon in Homes

School isn't the only place that you, your children, or teachers can be exposed to radon.

Many people spend more time at home, where high radon levels may pose a much greater threat to their health. Test your home for radon, if you haven't already! The Surgeon General joined the EPA in issuing a national health advisory, urging us all to test our homes for radon.

"Indoor radon gas is the second-leading cause of lung cancer in the United States and breathing it over prolonged periods can present a significant health risk to families all over the country. It's important to know that this threat is completely preventable. Radon can be detected with a simple test and fixed through well-established venting techniques."

U.S. Surgeon General, January 2005

Once again, testing is simple and inexpensive. After all, radon is one health problem nobody should have to live with - at home or at school.

In Summary

Radon

- Radon is a naturally occurring radioactive gas
- Radon usually comes from soils and rock, but can also come from well water
- Breathing in radon increases your risk of lung cancer
- Testing is the only way to find out if radon is a problem

Radon in Schools

- Testing is as easy as 1-2-3
 1. Testing must occur in all
 - occupiable spaces at or below ground level
 - 2. Testing must occur while school is in session
 - If high levels of radon are found, confirm them
- Radon testing is required in public schools in Connecticut
- When high levels are found, steps will be taken to reduce radon gas in the school
- The CT Department of Public Health can provide guidance documents and information to schools and the general public

Radon in Your Home

- You and your children probably spend more time in your home than you do at work or school
- Test your home for radon!
- The Radon Program can provide you with a list of qualified professionals

