Transition to Special Education from the Connecticut Birth to Three System

The purpose of transition planning for children in the Connecticut Birth to Three System is to ensure that eligible children and their families experience a smooth and effective transition from the Connecticut Birth to Three System to our District.

- The District receives child specific information from the Connecticut Birth to Three
 System on those children who have been determined eligible and are receiving early
 intervention services. The District has a system of collecting and maintaining this data
 and other child specific information in order to track children receiving early
 intervention services over time to ensure that they are timely evaluated and provided a
 FAPE by age 3.
- The District has an assigned transition contact that is the primary person responsible for working with the Connecticut Birth to Three System and their programs on transition as well as one or more individuals who will attend all 90-day transition conferences convened by the Connecticut Birth to Three System. The District has the capacity to ensure the availability of school personnel to attend 90-day transition conferences throughout the calendar year including during the summer months.
- The District will schedule a Planning and Placement Team (PPT) meeting to discuss the referral of a child to the District. The District will schedule the PPT meeting sufficiently early (preferably soon after the 90-day transition conference) to ensure that an eligible child will receive a FAPE no later than their third birthday. Identification of PPT meeting dates can be a part of the discussion at the 90-day transition planning conference and a component of the child's written transition plan developed at the transition planning conference with the birth to three program, the family and the District.
- The District ensures that the child's birth to three providers are part of the PPT decision-making process and that the child's birth to three information, including the child's Individualized Family Service Plan ("IFSP") is used in the decision-making process.
- If the child is scheduled to transition from the Birth to Three program to the District, and that child turns three years of age during the summer months, the District will determine if the child is eligible for a FAPE and whether the child requires extended school year services (ESY). If the child is eligible for the provision of FAPE and requires ESY services, the District will ensure the implementation of the IEP no later than the child's third birthday, regardless of the fact that this occurs during the summer months. If it is determined that the child is eligible for FAPE and does not require ESY services, then the IEP will be implemented on the first day of school.
- The Department of Education and the Connecticut Birth to Three System agree that late referrals to the Birth to Three System (33 months and older) should be made simultaneously to our District and the Connecticut Birth to Three System with the ultimate goal of ensuring that these children, if eligible, are provided with FAPE by their third birthday.
- In cases of children who are referred to the District at 34 or 35 months of age, the ultimate goal is to ensure that all eligible children are provided with a FAPE no later than their third birthday. In situations where that may not be possible, a "reasonable standard" would be the 45 school day rule so that no more than 45 school days should pass from the date of referral to the implementation of the child's IEP, if that child is eligible for FAPE. Thus, a referral for a child who is close to age three may result in IEP services initiated after the child's third birthday.